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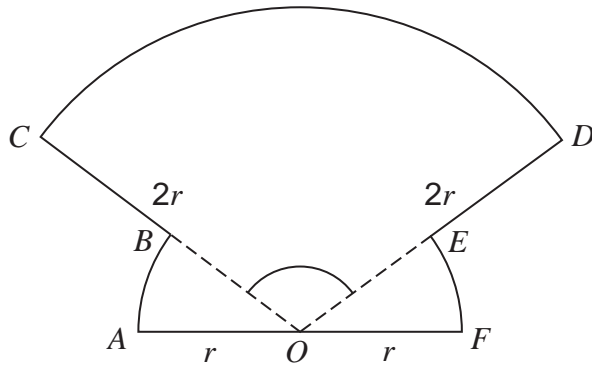


Figure 1

The shape  $OABCDEF$  shown in Figure 1 is a design for a logo.

In the design

- $OAB$  is a sector of a circle centre  $O$  and radius  $r$
- sector  $OFE$  is congruent to sector  $OAB$
- $ODC$  is a sector of a circle centre  $O$  and radius  $2r$
- $AOF$  is a straightline

Given that the size of angle  $COB$  is  $\theta$  radians,

(a) write down, in terms of  $\theta$ , the size of angle  $AOB$

(1)

(b) Show that the area of the logo is

$$r^2 (3 + 3\theta)$$

(2)

(c) Find the perimeter of the logo, giving your answer in simplest form in terms of  $r$ ,  $\theta$  and  $\pi$ .

(2)

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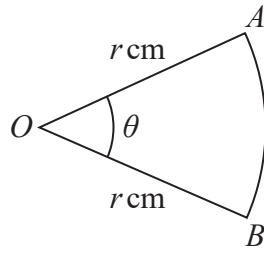


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sector  $AOB$  of a circle with centre  $O$  and radius  $r$  cm.

The angle  $AOB$  is  $\theta$  radians.

The area of the sector  $AOB$  is  $11 \text{ cm}^2$

Given that the perimeter of the sector is 4 times the length of the arc  $AB$ , find the exact value of  $r$ .

(4)

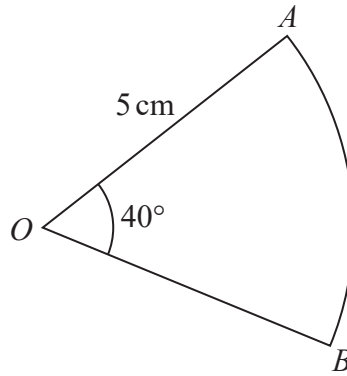
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3.



**Figure 1**

Figure 1 shows a sector  $AOB$  of a circle with centre  $O$ , radius 5 cm and angle  $AOB = 40^\circ$ . The attempt of a student to find the area of the sector is shown below.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of sector} &= \frac{1}{2} r^2 \theta \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 5^2 \times 40 \\ &= 500 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

(a) Explain the error made by this student. (1)

(b) Write out a correct solution. (2)

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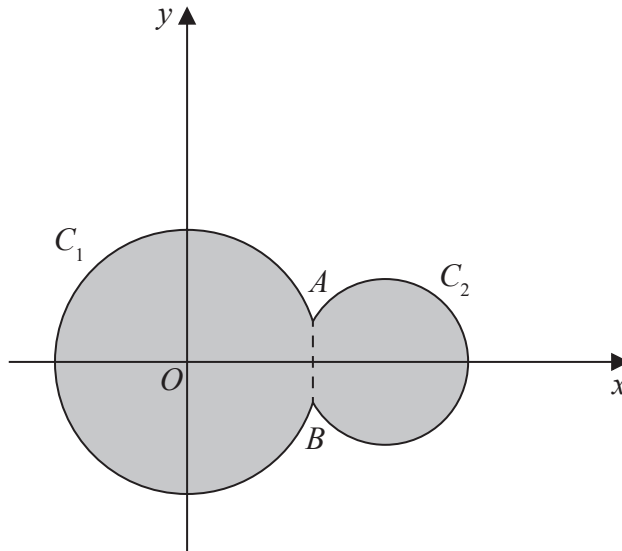


Figure 3

Circle  $C_1$  has equation  $x^2 + y^2 = 100$

Circle  $C_2$  has equation  $(x - 15)^2 + y^2 = 40$

The circles meet at points  $A$  and  $B$  as shown in Figure 3.

(a) Show that angle  $AOB = 0.635$  radians to 3 significant figures, where  $O$  is the origin. (4)

The region shown shaded in Figure 3 is bounded by  $C_1$  and  $C_2$

(b) Find the perimeter of the shaded region, giving your answer to one decimal place. (4)

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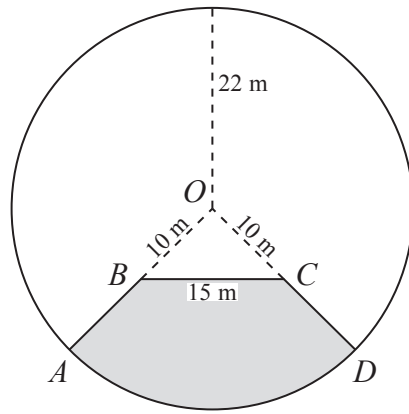


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**Figure 1**

Figure 1 shows the plan for a pond and platform. The platform is shown shaded in the figure and is labelled  $ABCD$ .

The pond and platform together form a circle of radius  $22\text{ m}$  with centre  $O$ .

$OA$  and  $OD$  are radii of the circle. Point  $B$  lies on  $OA$  such that the length of  $OB$  is  $10\text{ m}$  and point  $C$  lies on  $OD$  such that the length of  $OC$  is  $10\text{ m}$ . The length of  $BC$  is  $15\text{ m}$ .

The platform is bounded by the arc  $AD$  of the circle, and the straight lines  $AB$ ,  $BC$  and  $CD$ .

Find

- (a) the size of the angle  $BOC$ , giving your answer in radians to 3 decimal places, (3)
  
- (b) the perimeter of the platform to 3 significant figures, (4)
  
- (c) the area of the platform to 3 significant figures. (4)

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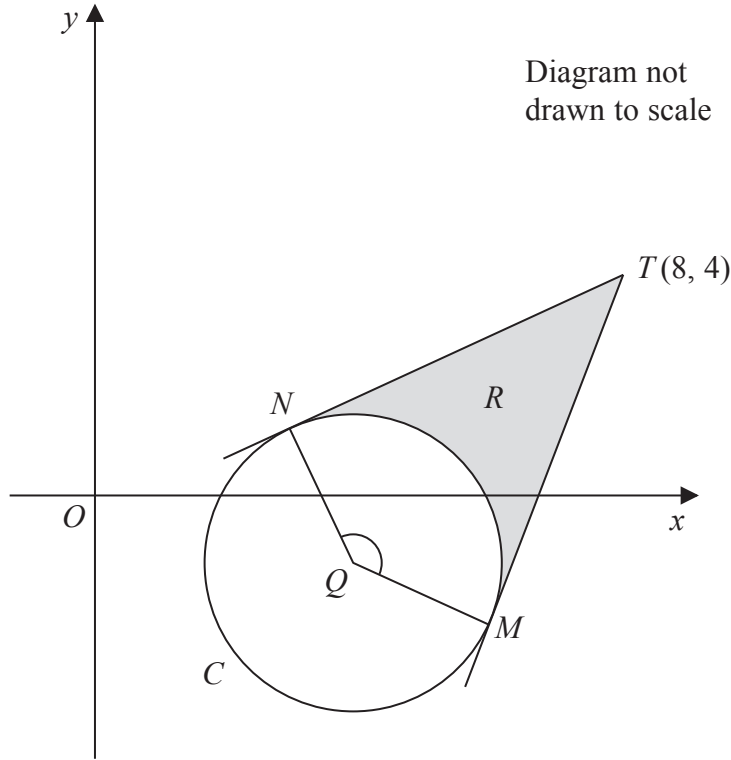


Figure 4

Figure 4 shows a sketch of the circle  $C$  with centre  $Q$  and equation

$$x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 2y + 5 = 0$$

(a) Find

- (i) the coordinates of  $Q$ ,
- (ii) the exact value of the radius of  $C$ .

(5)

The tangents to  $C$  from the point  $T(8, 4)$  meet  $C$  at the points  $M$  and  $N$ , as shown in Figure 4.

(b) Show that the obtuse angle  $MQN$  is 2.498 radians to 3 decimal places.

(5)

The region  $R$ , shown shaded in Figure 4, is bounded by the tangent  $TN$ , the minor arc  $NM$ , and the tangent  $MT$ .

(c) Find the area of region  $R$ .

(5)

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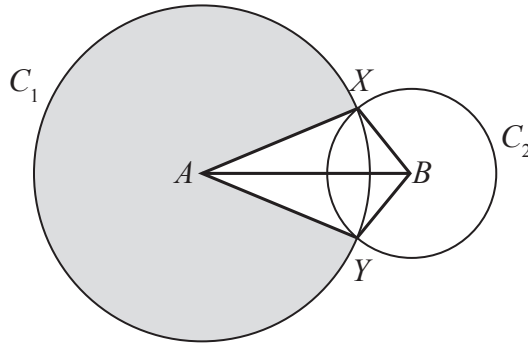
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**Figure 3**

In Figure 3, the points  $A$  and  $B$  are the centres of the circles  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  respectively. The circle  $C_1$  has radius 10 cm and the circle  $C_2$  has radius 5 cm. The circles intersect at the points  $X$  and  $Y$ , as shown in the figure.

Given that the distance between the centres of the circles is 12 cm,

- (a) calculate the size of the acute angle  $XAB$ , giving your answer in radians to 3 significant figures, (2)
- (b) find the area of the major sector of circle  $C_1$ , shown shaded in Figure 3, (3)
- (c) find the area of the kite  $AYBX$ . (3)

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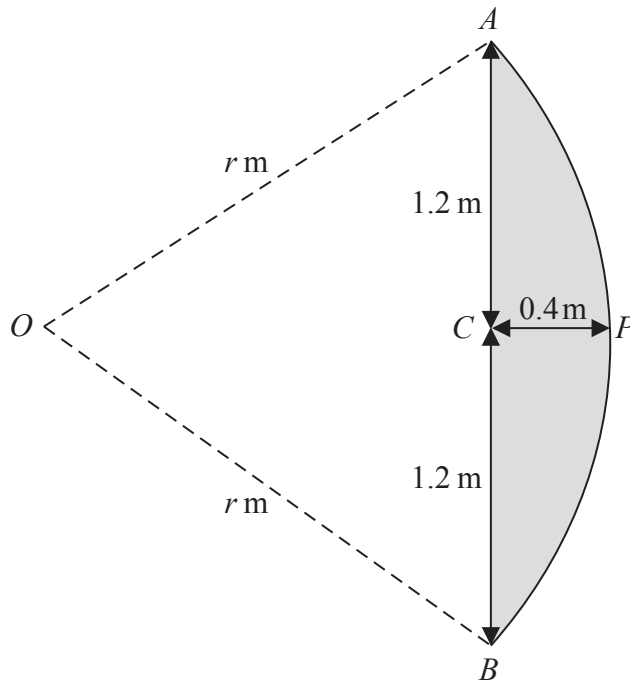


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Figure 2

Figure 2 shows the design for a sail  $APBCA$ .

The curved edge  $APB$  of the sail is an arc of a circle centre  $O$  and radius  $r$  m.

The straight edge  $ACB$  is a chord of the circle.

The height  $AB$  of the sail is 2.4 m.

The maximum width  $CP$  of the sail is 0.4 m.

(a) Show that  $r = 2$  (2)

(b) Show, to 4 decimal places, that angle  $AOB = 1.2870$  radians. (2)

(c) Hence calculate the area of the sail, giving your answer, in  $\text{m}^2$ , to 3 decimal places. (4)

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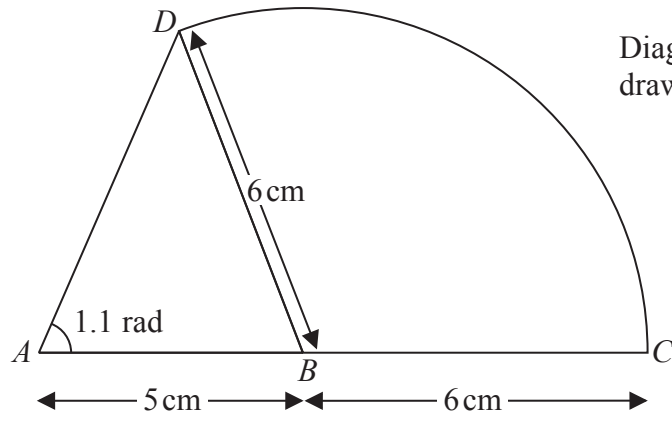


Figure 1

The compound shape  $ABCD A$ , shown in Figure 1, consists of a triangle  $ABD$  joined along its edge  $BD$  to a sector  $DBC$  of a circle with centre  $B$  and radius  $6$  cm. The points  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  lie on a straight line with  $AB = 5$  cm and  $BC = 6$  cm. Angle  $DAB = 1.1$  radians.

(a) Show that angle  $ABD = 1.20$  radians to 3 significant figures. (4)

(b) Find the area of the compound shape, giving your answer to 3 significant figures. (4)

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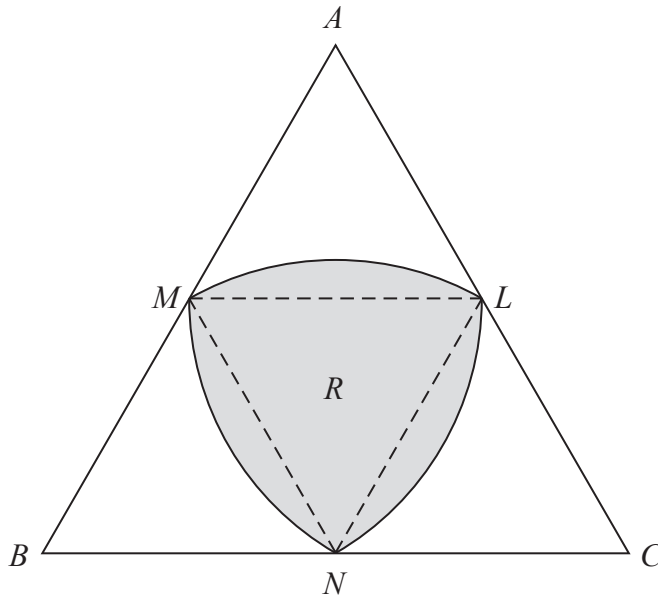


Figure 5

Figure 5 shows the design for a logo.

The logo is in the shape of an equilateral triangle  $ABC$  of side length  $2r$  cm, where  $r$  is a constant.

The points  $L$ ,  $M$  and  $N$  are the midpoints of sides  $AC$ ,  $AB$  and  $BC$  respectively.

The shaded section  $R$ , of the logo, is bounded by three curves  $MN$ ,  $NL$  and  $LM$ .

The curve  $MN$  is the arc of a circle centre  $L$ , radius  $r$  cm.

The curve  $NL$  is the arc of a circle centre  $M$ , radius  $r$  cm.

The curve  $LM$  is the arc of a circle centre  $N$ , radius  $r$  cm.

Find, in  $\text{cm}^2$ , the area of  $R$ . Give your answer in the form  $kr^2$ , where  $k$  is an exact constant to be determined.

(5)

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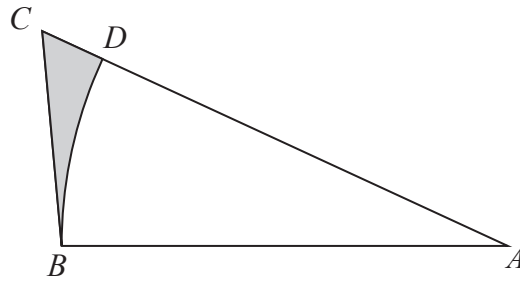


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of a design for a triangular garden  $ABC$ .

The garden has sides  $BA$  with length 10 m,  $BC$  with length 6 m and  $CA$  with length 12 m.

The point  $D$  lies on  $AC$  such that  $BD$  is an arc of the circle centre  $A$ , radius 10 m.

A flowerbed  $BCD$  is shown shaded in Figure 2.

- (a) Find the size of angle  $BAC$ , in radians, to 4 decimal places. (2)
- (b) Find the perimeter of the flowerbed  $BCD$ , in m, to 2 decimal places. (3)
- (c) Find the area of the flowerbed  $BCD$ , in  $m^2$ , to 2 decimal places. (4)

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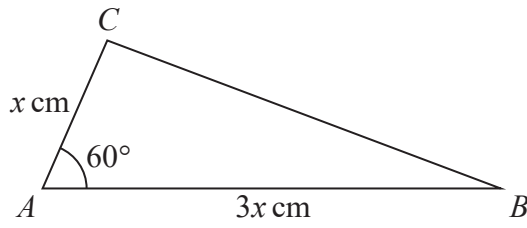


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4.



**Figure 1**

Figure 1 shows a sketch of a triangle  $ABC$  with  $AB = 3x \text{ cm}$ ,  $AC = x \text{ cm}$  and angle  $CAB = 60^\circ$

Given that the area of triangle  $ABC = 24\sqrt{3}$

(a) show that  $x = 4\sqrt{2}$  **(3)**

(b) Hence find the exact length of  $BC$ , giving your answer as a simplified surd. **(3)**

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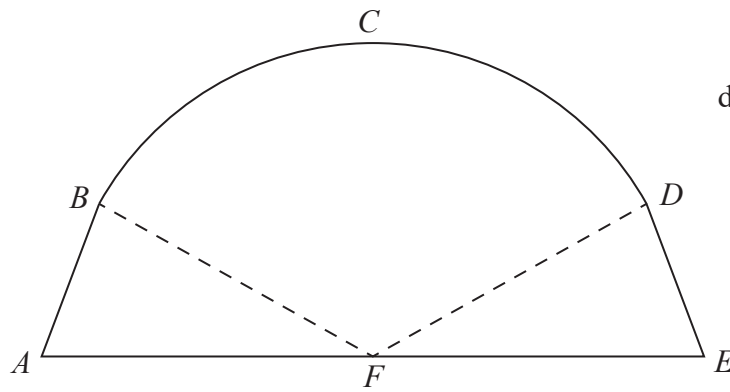


Diagram not drawn to scale

Figure 1

Figure 1 is a sketch representing the cross-section of a large tent  $ABCDEF$ .  
 $AB$  and  $DE$  are line segments of equal length.  
 Angle  $FAB$  and angle  $DEF$  are equal.  
 $F$  is the midpoint of the straight line  $AE$  and  $FC$  is perpendicular to  $AE$ .  
 $BCD$  is an arc of a circle of radius  $3.5$  m with centre at  $F$ .  
 It is given that

$$AF = FE = 3.7\text{ m}$$

$$BF = FD = 3.5\text{ m}$$

$$\text{angle } BFD = 1.77 \text{ radians}$$

Find

- (a) the length of the arc  $BCD$  in metres to 2 decimal places, (2)
- (b) the area of the sector  $FBCD$  in  $\text{m}^2$  to 2 decimal places, (2)
- (c) the total area of the cross-section of the tent in  $\text{m}^2$  to 2 decimal places. (4)

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