

4. A nursery has a sack containing a large number of coloured beads of which 14% are coloured red.

Aliya takes a random sample of 18 beads from the sack to make a bracelet.

(a) State a suitable binomial distribution to model the number of red beads in Aliya's bracelet. (1)

(b) Use this binomial distribution to find the probability that
(i) Aliya has just 1 red bead in her bracelet,
(ii) there are at least 4 red beads in Aliya's bracelet. (3)

(c) Comment on the suitability of a binomial distribution to model this situation. (1)

After several children have used beads from the sack, the nursery teacher decides to test whether or not the proportion of red beads in the sack has changed. She takes a random sample of 75 beads and finds 4 red beads.

(d) Stating your hypotheses clearly, use a 5% significance level to carry out a suitable test for the teacher. (4)

(e) Find the p -value in this case. (1)

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3. A single observation x is to be taken from $X \sim B(12, p)$

This observation is used to test $H_0 : p = 0.45$ against $H_1 : p > 0.45$

(a) Using a 5% level of significance, find the critical region for this test. (2)

(b) State the actual significance level of this test. (1)

The value of the observation is found to be 9

(c) State the conclusion that can be made based on this observation. (1)

(d) State whether or not this conclusion would change if the same test was carried out at the

(i) 10% level of significance,

(ii) 1% level of significance. (2)

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5. A company claims that 35% of its peas germinate. In order to test this claim Ann decides to plant 15 of these peas and record the number which germinate.

(a) (i) State suitable hypotheses for a two-tailed test of this claim.

 (ii) Using a 5% level of significance, find an appropriate critical region for this test. The probability in each of the tails should be as close to 2.5% as possible. **(4)**

(b) Ann found that 8 of the 15 peas germinated. State whether or not the company's claim is supported. Give a reason for your answer. **(2)**

(c) State the actual significance level of this test. **(1)**



2. Bill owns a restaurant. Over the next four weeks Bill decides to carry out a sample survey to obtain the customers' opinions.

(a) Suggest a suitable sampling frame for the sample survey. (1)

(b) Identify the sampling units. (1)

(c) Give one advantage and one disadvantage of taking a census rather than a sample survey. (2)

Bill believes that only 30% of customers would like a greater choice on the menu. He takes a random sample of 50 customers and finds that 20 of them would like a greater choice on the menu.

(d) Test, at the 5% significance level, whether or not the percentage of customers who would like a greater choice on the menu is more than Bill believes. State your hypotheses clearly. (6)

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2. A fair coin is spun 6 times and the random variable T represents the number of tails obtained.

(a) Give two reasons why a binomial model would be a suitable distribution for modelling T . (2)

(b) Find $P(T = 5)$ (2)

(c) Find the probability of obtaining more tails than heads. (2)

A second coin is biased such that the probability of obtaining a head is $\frac{1}{4}$

This second coin is spun 6 times.

(d) Find the probability that, for the second coin, the number of heads obtained is greater than or equal to the number of tails obtained. (3)

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1. A potter believes that 20% of pots break whilst being fired in a kiln. Pots are fired in batches of 25.

(a) Let X denote the number of broken pots in a batch. A batch is selected at random. Using a 10% significance level, find the critical region for a two tailed test of the potter's belief. You should state the probability in each tail of your critical region. (4)

The potter aims to reduce the proportion of pots which break in the kiln by increasing the size of the batch fired. He now fires pots in batches of 50. He then chooses a batch at random and discovers there are 6 pots which broke whilst being fired in the kiln.

(b) Test, at the 5% level of significance, whether or not there is evidence that increasing the number of pots in a batch has reduced the percentage of pots that break whilst being fired in the kiln. State your hypotheses clearly. (5)

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2. The proportion of houses in Radville which are unable to receive digital radio is 25%. In a survey of a random sample of 30 houses taken from Radville, the number, X , of houses which are unable to receive digital radio is recorded.

(a) Find $P(5 \leq X < 11)$

(3)

A radio company claims that a new transmitter set up in Radville will reduce the proportion of houses which are unable to receive digital radio. After the new transmitter has been set up, a random sample of 15 houses is taken, of which 1 house is unable to receive digital radio.

(b) Test, at the 10% level of significance, the radio company's claim. State your hypotheses clearly.

(5)

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