

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
Level 3 GCE

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Further Mathematics

Advanced

Paper 1: Core Pure Mathematics 1

Sample Assessment Material for first teaching September 2017

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference

9FM0/01

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables, calculator

Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for algebraic manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.
Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

1. Prove that

$$\sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{(r+1)(r+3)} = \frac{n(an+b)}{12(n+2)(n+3)}$$

where a and b are constants to be found.

(5)

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2. Prove by induction that for all positive integers n ,

$$f(n) = 2^{3n+1} + 3(5^{2n+1})$$

is divisible by 17

(6)

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8. The line l_1 has equation $\frac{x-2}{4} = \frac{y-4}{-2} = \frac{z+6}{1}$

The plane Π has equation $x - 2y + z = 6$

The line l_2 is the reflection of the line l_1 in the plane Π .

Find a vector equation of the line l_2

(7)

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9. A company plans to build a new fairground ride. The ride will consist of a capsule that will hold the passengers and the capsule will be attached to a tall tower. The capsule is to be released from rest from a point half way up the tower and then made to oscillate in a vertical line.

The vertical displacement, x metres, of the top of the capsule below its initial position at time t seconds is modelled by the differential equation,

$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 4 \frac{dx}{dt} + x = 200 \cos t, \quad t \geq 0$$

where m is the mass of the capsule including its passengers, in thousands of kilograms.

The maximum permissible weight for the capsule, including its passengers, is 30 000 N.

Taking the value of g to be 10 ms^{-2} and assuming the capsule is at its maximum permissible weight,

- (a) (i) explain why the value of m is 3
 (ii) show that a particular solution to the differential equation is

$$x = 40 \sin t - 20 \cos t$$

- (iii) hence find the general solution of the differential equation.

(8)

- (b) Using the model, find, to the nearest metre, the vertical distance of the top of the capsule from its initial position, 9 seconds after it is released.

(4)

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