

1 Write $x^2 + 6x - 7$ in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$ where a and b are integers.

.....
(Total for Question 1 is 2 marks)

2 Given that $x^2 - 6x + 1 = (x - a)^2 - b$ for all values of x ,

(i) find the value of a and the value of b .

$$a = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$b = \dots\dots\dots$$

(2)

(ii) Hence write down the coordinates of the turning point on the graph of $y = x^2 - 6x + 1$

$$(\dots\dots\dots, \dots\dots\dots)$$

(1)

(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

3 Sketch the graph of

$$y = 2x^2 - 8x - 5$$

showing the coordinates of the turning point and the exact coordinates of any intercepts with the coordinate axes.

(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)

- 4 Find the coordinates of the turning point on the curve with equation $y = 9 + 18x - 3x^2$
You must show all your working.

(..... ,)

(Total for Question 4 is 4 marks)

- 5 The equation of a curve is $y = 4x^2 - 56x$
The curve has one turning point.

By completing the square, show that the coordinates of the turning point are $(7, -196)$
You must show all your working.

(Total for Question 5 is 3 marks)